













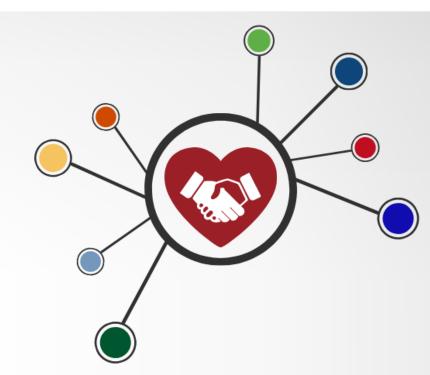




Team-Based Care

Re-Establishing Team-Based Care Workflows: Creativity that Leads to Sustainability

Regional Chronic Disease Collaborative November 9, 2022



Regional Chronic Disease Collaborative Partners



















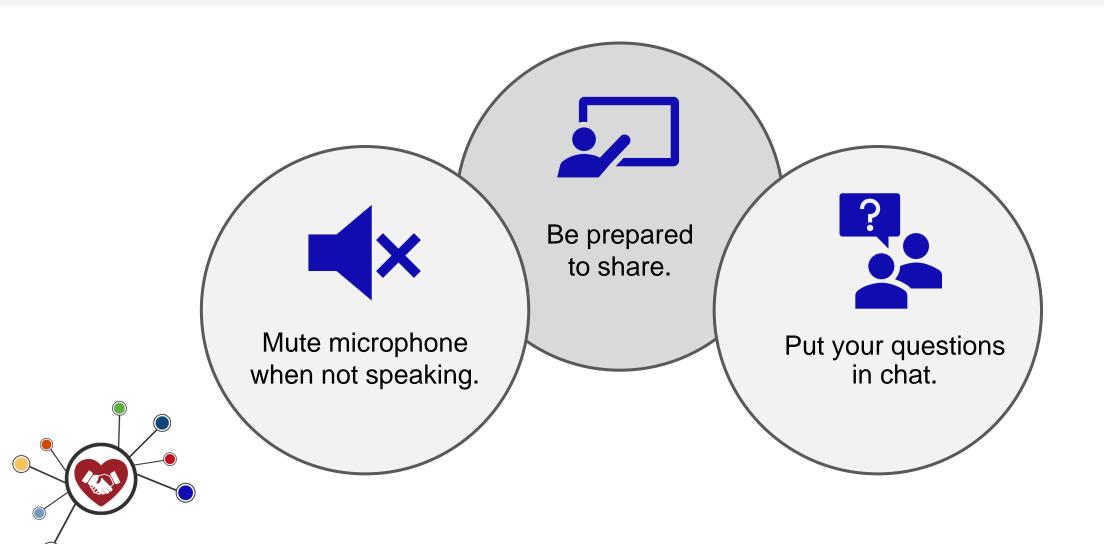








Housekeeping





Agenda

- Team-based care (TBC) overview
- Key elements of TBC
- How to use TBC, Annual Wellness Visits (AWV), chronic care management (CCM) and transitional care management (TCM) for re-engagement
- Practice presenter peer-to-peer sharing
- Strategies for adding value to TBC
- Leaving in action



TBC: Chronic Disease



All patients benefit from team-based care approaches.

For patients with chronic conditions (diabetes, cardiovascular disease [CVD], etc.), team-based care approaches can greatly:

- Help patients self-manage
- Improve outcomes
- Reduce progression
- Improve patient experience



Re-Engagement Objectives



Identify processes that can help re-engage patients in the treatment and management of their chronic conditions



Share examples of and provide strategies to re-engage your patients in their care





Thank You, Wyoming Center on Aging

Today's Presenter

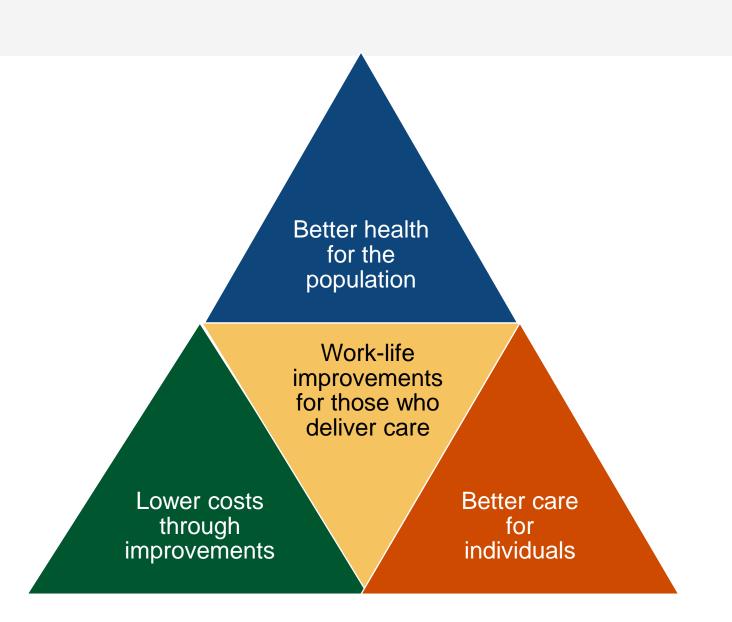
Faith Jones, MSN, RN, NEA-BC

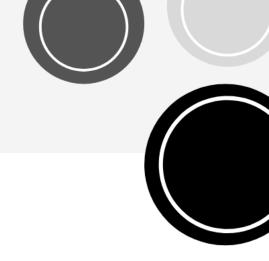
Ms. Jones is the director of care coordination and lean consulting for HealthTech and is sponsored by Wyoming Center on Aging (WyCOA) for today's presentation.

She currently implements care coordination programs focusing on the Medicare population and teaches concepts related to care coordination and team-based approach to care nationally. She has held a variety of leadership positions in the profession of nursing having completed seven years of service on the American Nurses Association Board of Directors as a Director at Large and the Vice President.

She holds a certification from the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC) as a nurse executive advanced, is a fellow of the American Nurses Advocacy Institute and the American Nurses Association Political Action Committee Leadership Society and is certified in advance care planning and lean for health care.

Why





Why do we need to re-engage?



Why

- Quarantine
- Fear of illness
- Unawareness of time

How

- Identify gaps in care
- Annual wellness visits
- Follow-up on preventative plan



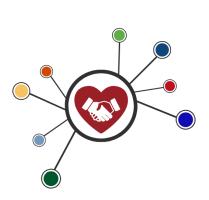
Key Elements







- Effective Communication
- Mutual Trust
 - Measurable Process and Outcomes



Who is on your team?





Nurse Care Coordinator Patient Care Tech
Community Resources

Keeping the Team on the Same Page





What Matters

- Shared goals
- Clear roles
- Effective communication
- Mutual trust
- Measurable process and outcomes



What to Ask

- 1. How are these communicated?
- 2. Do they change?
- 3. Is there a model?
- 4. Is there a philosophy of care?



Annual Wellness Visits

Who is eligible to provide the AWV?

- A physician who is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy (as defined in section 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act); or,
- A physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist (as defined in section 1861(aa)(5) of the Act); or,
- A medical professional (including a health educator, registered dietitian or nutrition professional or other licensed practitioner) or a team of such medical professionals, working under the direct supervision (as defined in CFR 410.32(b)(3)(ii))





CPT G0438: (Initial Annual Wellness Visit) CPT G0439 (Subsequent Annual Wellness Visit)

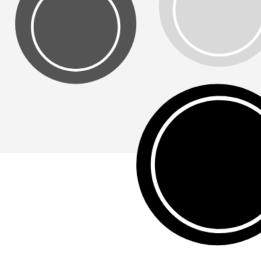
CPT G0468: (FQHC Annual Wellness Visit)

Team-Based Care for the AWV

- Shared goals What is the goal of the AWV?
- Clear roles Who is responsible for what part?
- Effective communication How is the visit documented?
- Mutual trust Where are decisions made?
- Measurable process and outcomes What is measured?



Effective AWVs take 1 – 1 ½ hours



Preventative Plan of Care (example)

Patient Name Ms. Beatrice Well

Chronic Conditions Diabetes and Hypertension

Date February 23, 2022

January 2023	February 2023	March 2022	April 2022
Dietitian (MNT)	Annual Wellness Visit After February 23, 2023	Bone Mass Measurement Appt with Primary Care Provider	Appt with Dr. Smith Glaucoma check Dietitian (MNT)
May 2022	June 2022 Diabetic Educator (DSMT) Mammogram	July 2022 Dietitian (MNT)	August 2022
September 2022 Appt with Primary Care Provider Depression screening Flu Shot Follow up for Diabetes and Hypertension (med refills and labs) Diabetic Educator (DSMT)	October 2022 Dietitian (MNT)	November 2022	December 2022 Diabetic Educator (DSMT)

Screening to be done in the future: Pap and Pelvic until 2024 and Colonoscopy for 2025

Goal: Increase exercise

AWV: Re-Engagement

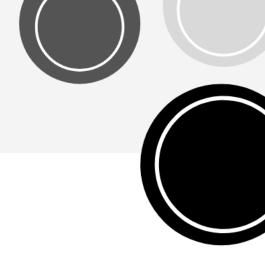
hip!

The foundation of all re-engagement is relationship!

- Start with patients who you have an existing relationship with
 - Care Coordinated Patients
 - Transitional Care Patients



Chronic Care Management

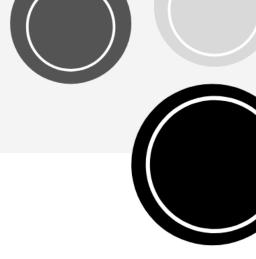


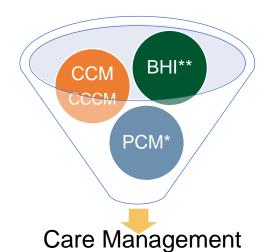
"We acknowledged that the care coordination included in services such as office visits does not always describe adequately the non-face-to-face care management work involved in primary care and may not reflect all the services and resources required to furnish comprehensive, coordinated care management for certain categories of beneficiaries"

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) CFR 7-15-2015



Chronic Care Management





FQHCs and Rural

CCM

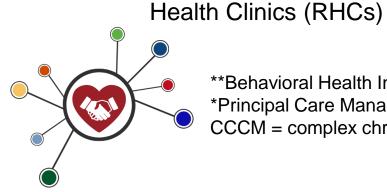
CPT 99490: (at least 20 minutes of clinical time

CPT 99439: (additional 20 minutes of clinical time per month/max of two)

**Behavioral Health Integration

*Principal Care Management

CCCM = complex chronic care management



Team-Based Care for the CCM

- Shared goals What is the goal of the CCM?
- Clear roles Who is responsible for consenting, time tracking, etc.?
- Effective communication How is the care coordination documented?
- Mutual trust What care protocols do you have in place?
- Measurable process and outcomes What is measured?



Every enrolled patient should receive care coordination EVERY month

CCM: Re-Engagement





Current Care Coordinated Patients

- Contact every month with PURPOSE
 - Have a reason to call
 - Continues to build the relationship



Future Recruitment

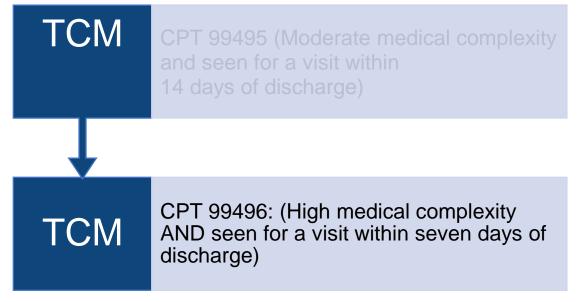
- Connect with the discharge planning team
- Meet potential patients in hospital



Why? Relationship is the foundation of TRUST.

Transitional Care Management (TCM)

The goal of TCM is to oversee management and coordination of services, as needed for all medical conditions, psychosocial needs and activity to support daily living.

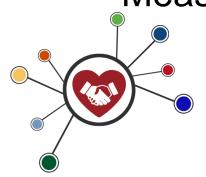




For a Full 30 Days

Team-Based Care for the TCM

- Shared goals What is the goal of the TCM?
- Clear roles Who is responsible for scheduling the visit, the pre-visit planning, the 30 days of care coordination?
- Effective communication How are the required elements documented?
- Mutual trust What does the hand-off look like from facility to primary care provider?
- Measurable process and outcomes What is measured?



Time Sensitive Tasks

TCM: Re-Engagement



Know your patient migration patterns

Connect with the discharge planning team

- At local hospital
- At the regional hospital
- At local skilled nursing facilities

Work to manage warm handoffs



Why? Relationship is the foundation of TRUST.











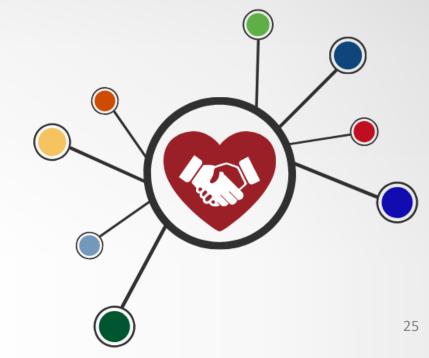








Practice Presenters



Practice Presenter

Marcus Paske, PharmD, BCACP, AE-C, CPP

- Ambulatory Clinical Pharmacist
- Intermountain Medical Group, Butte, Montana



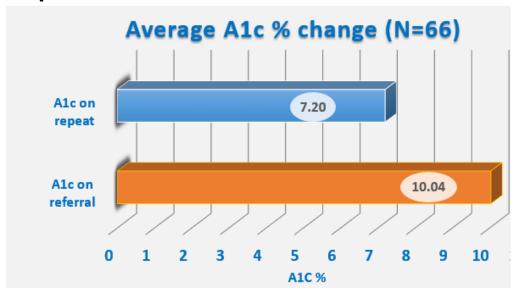


Intermountain Medical Group: Primary CareTeam Based Approach to Type 2 Diabetes

By: Marcus Paske, PharmD, BCACP- Clinical Pharmacist

- Purpose: Improve disease control in patients with type 2 diabetes using team-based care approach with clinical pharmacy (new service) and Association of Diabetes Care & Education Specialists (ADCES) nurse
- Methods: Improve referrals by education, promotion, data presentation to primary care providers. Utilize new technology (continuous glucose monitor) to make service more robust.
- Results: 127/172 (74%) of patients with A1c>9% (uncontrolled) referred to RN-CDE and/or PharmD

66 patients followed by PharmD with repeat A1c:



Intermountain Medical Group- Primary Care Team Based Approach to Type 2 Diabetes

By: Marcus Paske, PharmD, BCACP- Clinical Pharmacist

Successes of team-based care and improved patient engagement

- Engaging primary care provider teams to utilize chronic disease management team and improve collaboration across the team.
- Offering tangible NEW service (CGM, specialty, medication class) to re-engage patients with barriers to care
- Remote care (telemedicine/phone) closer follow up and check-ins, maintaining top of mind awareness
 - Accessibility: Phone and minimal wait time for appointment with clinical pharmacy
- Reinforcement of key interventions across the care team that are patient-centered
- Collaboration with care management
- Collaboration with outpatient pharmacies

Practice Presenter

Austin Mills

- Manager of Provider Practices Quality and Care Coordination
- Benefis Health Systems, Great Falls, Montana















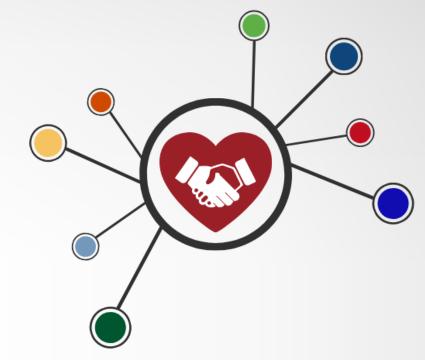




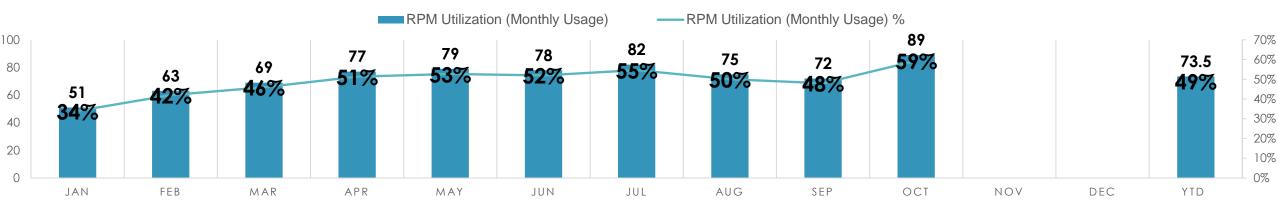




Remote Physiological Monitoring (RPM)



RPM UTILIZATION TOTAL



Interventions

11/2020 Trialed COVID Pathway with Employees

12/31/2020 Started Diabetes Pilot 20 Patients enrolled in CCM

2/2021 Added Hypertension pathway +GO App, for patients participating in our Primary Care Hypertension program.

4/19/21 Started RPM w/ CHF Clinic

8/1/2021 Added Hypertension: Gestational pathway for our Women's Health Department.

8/1/2021 Added Total Joint Post-Op pathway to be available for same-day surgery.

9/1/2021 Added Chronic Kidney Disease [CKD] pathway.

10/5/21 Started RPM w/ CHF Clinic Hospital Discharges

10/2021 Added COPD Pathway

11/1/21 Hired RPM RN!

12/1/2021 All Benefis providers to order RPM services from available pathways!

1/2021 Updated COVID Pathway

3/2022 Added CABG Pathway

4/1/2022 Started Billing for Home Kits

5/24/2022 Flipped kit pool so majority of kits on site do not have glucometer to reduce wasting DM supplies

8/1/2022 Started Tracking Interventions: Medication Adjustment (Remote), Possible Avoidable ED Visit and Admission

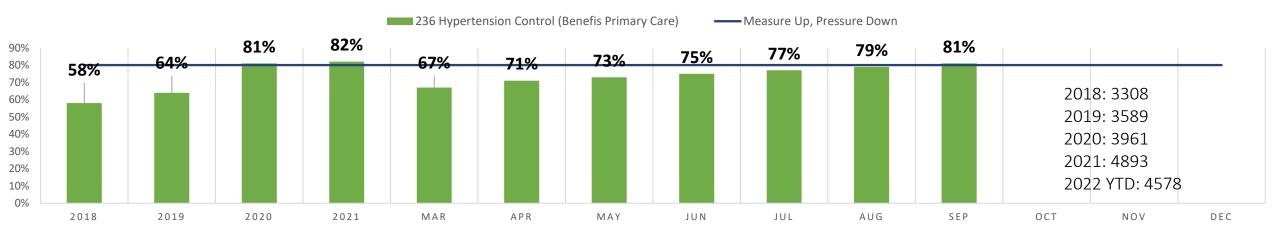
Pathways Available:

- ► Acute MI
- CABG (Post-Op)
- ► CHF
- ► CKD
- ► COPD
- ► COVID-19
- ► CVA
- ▶ Diabetes
- Gestational Diabetes
- Gestational Hypertension
- ▶ Hypertension
- ► Sepsis
- ► Total Joint (Post-Op)

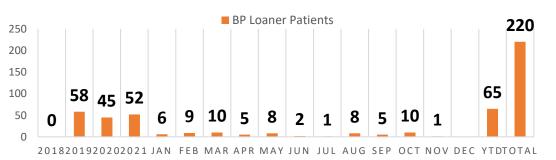
Primary Care Hypertension RPM



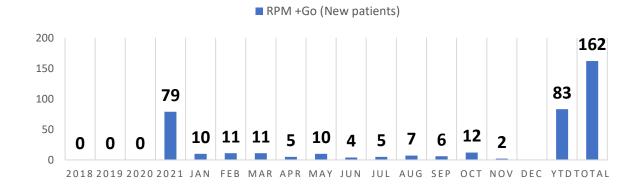
HYPERTENSION CONTROL (140/90) BENCHMARK COMPARISON



BLOOD PRESSURE MONITOR LOANER PROGRAM



REMOTE PATIENT MONITORING APP

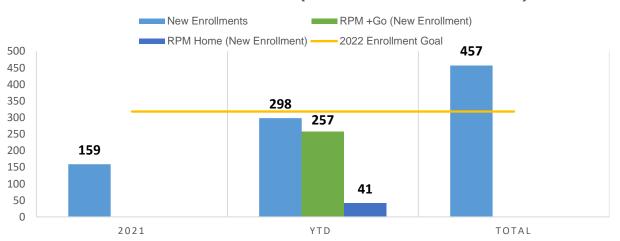




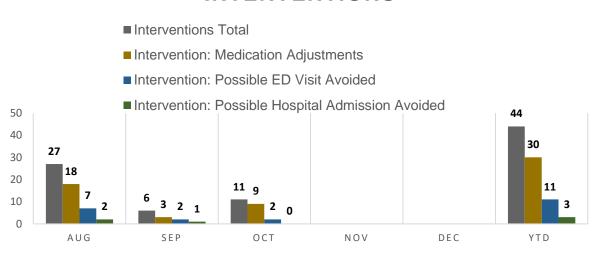
New Project: Pharmacist Comprehensive Medication Reviews

RPM Successes

RPM UTILIZATION (HOME KIT/GO APP)



INTERVENTIONS



Patient Satisfaction

Overall, I am satisfied with my experience in the RPM program.

Strongly Agree: 82.6%

Strongly Agree/Agree: 94.7%

The remote monitoring technology was easy to use.

Strongly Agree: 82.3%

Strongly Agree/Agree: 94.3%

Responses: 171

Referral Sources:

- Hospitalist discharge referrals
- Specialist and primary care providers
- Case managers, TCM RN
- Readmissions committee
- Enroll all same day total joints

RPM Barriers

- Patients referred upon discharge not established with our providers
- Determining patient compliance upon enrollment
- Occasional delay in return of kits or blood pressure monitors
- Billing is cumbersome and can only be billed for the Home Kits.
 Currently only using codes (99453 and 99454)
- Utilization of licenses





















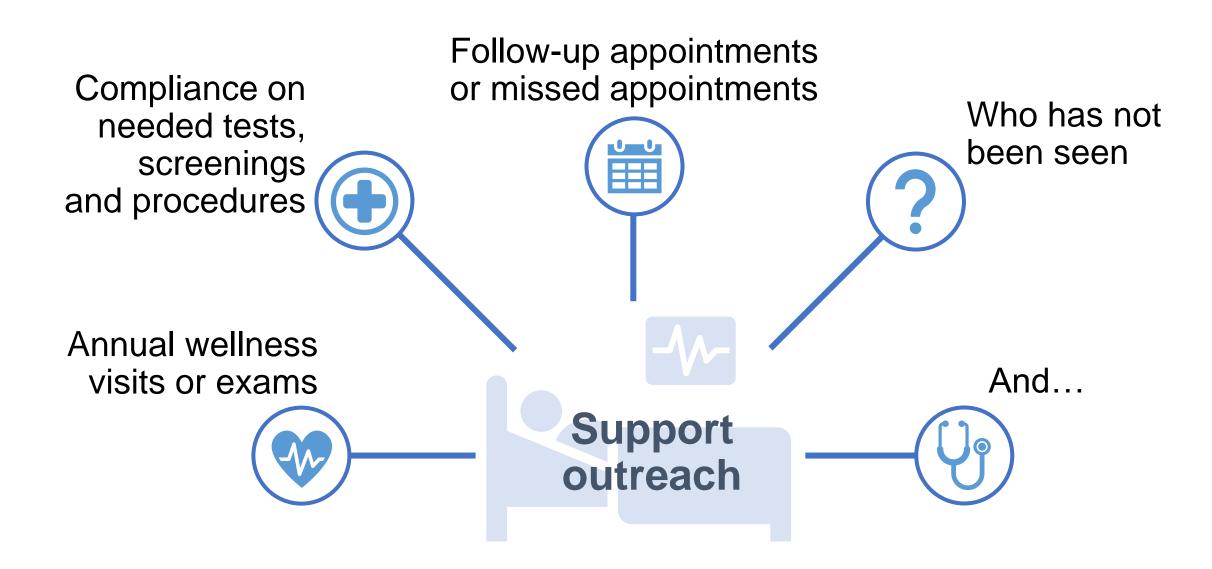


Strategies: Adding Value to TBC

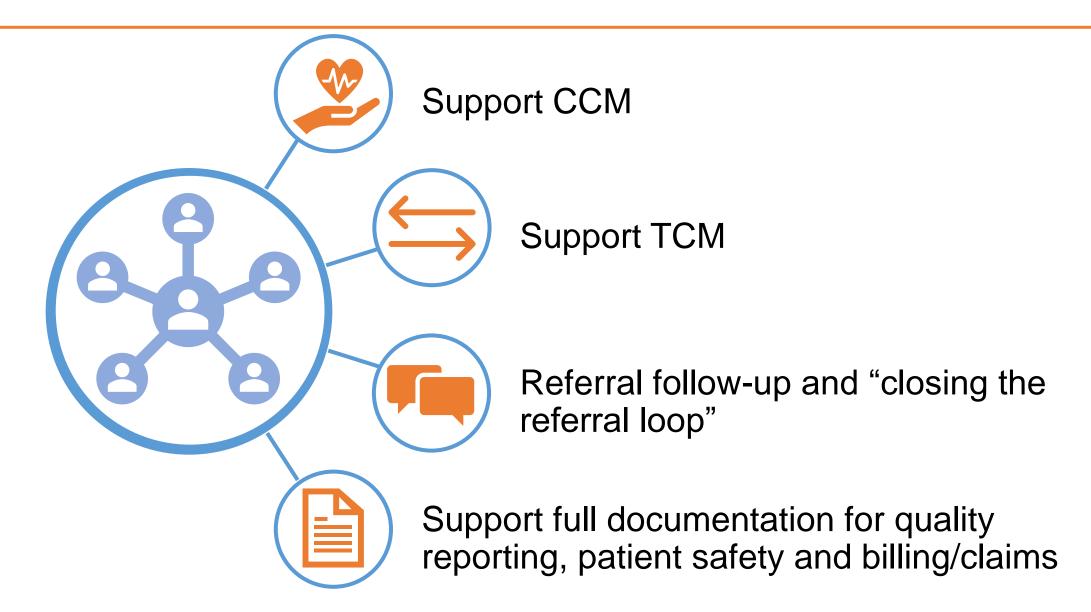
(suggestions of additional ways to use team members)



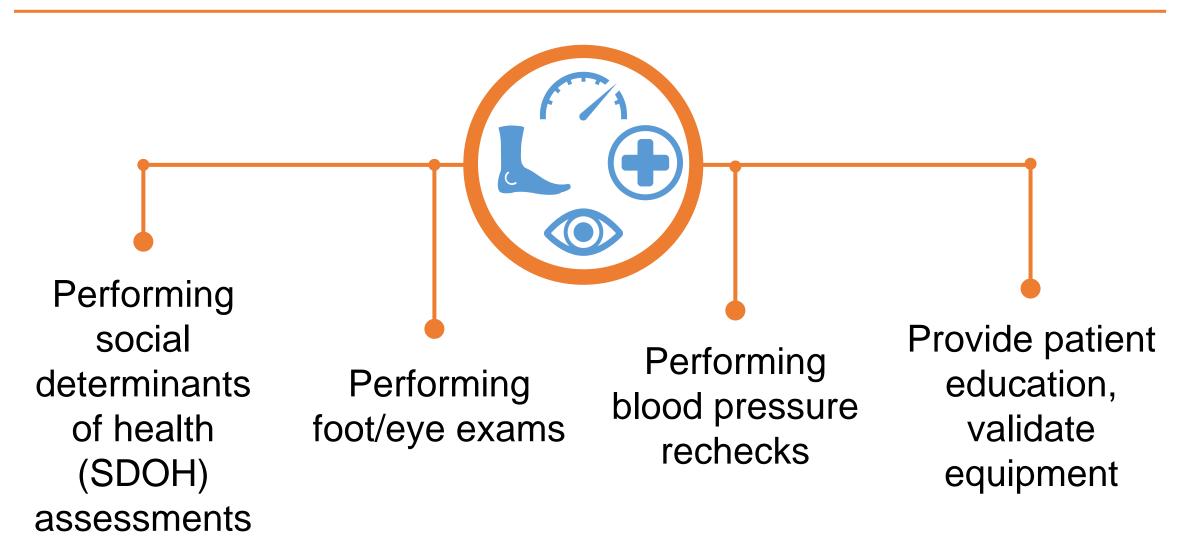
Adding Value - Ideas: Patient Outreach



Adding Value - Ideas: Care Coordination



Adding Value - Ideas: Performing Services



Adding Value - Ideas: Other



Manage remote patient monitoring programs



Run quality or gap reports to identify gaps in care, quality improvement opportunities, health equity concerns, etc.



Become a

"patient
navigator"
connecting
patients with
needed services



Connect/establish partnerships with community-based organizations that support your patient needs and organization's goals

Call to Action

1

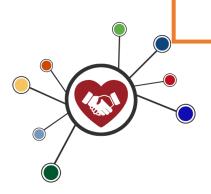
Use AWV process to bring in patients not seen in the last 12 months

2

Review your patients eligible for CCM – begin a recruitment campaign

3

Identify one new way you can provide value/services to support your team



Future Education Topics: Polling Question

- 1) Innovative ways to utilize community health workers
- 2) Addressing behavior health for patients with chronic disease
- 3) Clinical inertia what it is and how to overcome it
- 4) Community information exchanges (CIEs)
- 5) Expanding your use of community-based organizations (CBOs)
- 6) Remote patient monitoring for hypertension and diabetes
- 7) Showcase of innovative approaches to population health



Chat in other ideas

Patient Care Team Resources

- Wyoming Center on Aging: video on <u>Collaborative Practice Agreements</u> to support TBC
- Center for Healthcare Strategies Inc: <u>Enhance Team-Based Primary Care</u> <u>Approaches</u>
- South Dakota Cardiovascular Collaborative: <u>TEAM-BASED CARE TOOLS</u>
- Institute of Medicine: <u>Core Principles & Values of Effective Team-Based</u> <u>Health Care</u>
- CMS: <u>TCM</u>, <u>CCM</u> and <u>AWV</u>
- Wyoming Center on Aging



Share your Feedback





Please complete the evaluation survey





















Thank You!

