

Infection and Sepsis Zone Tool

Signs of Sepsis and Infection in the Nursing Home Setting

Be on the lookout for sepsis. It is a very dangerous response to an infection and can lead to tissue damage, organ failure and even death. Use this zone tool to conduct a daily assessment.

Are there changes in the resident's heart rate or breathing?

Is fever present?

Does the resident feel cold?

Has the resident's activity or energy level changed?

Has the resident's cognition or orientation changed?

Has the resident had any changes since returning from a hospital stay, following a procedure or during treatment for an infection or wound?

Green Zone No sign of infection; routine monitoring of resident	Yellow Zone Could be infection; notify provider to report condition changes	Red Zone Could be sepsis; immediately notify provider or on-call provider
Heart rate and breathing are normal for the resident.	Heart rate and br <mark>eathi</mark> ng are slightly elevated for resid <mark>ent; b</mark> reathing is more difficult than normal.	Heart rate and breathing are rapid.
No fever in the past 24 hours and resident is not taking any medication for a fever.	Fever is between 100°F and 101.4°F.	Fever is 101.5°F or higher.
Resident denies feeling cold.	Resident feels "c <mark>old an</mark> d can't get warm," is shivering and/or teeth are chattering.	Body temperature is below 96.8°F, and skin or fingernails are pale or blue.
Resident's activity and energy level are normal.	Resident reports lacking energy to do all usual activities.	Resident reports being too tired to do any usual activities.
Resident's thinking and orientation are normal for resident.	Resident's norm <mark>al thin</mark> king and orientation appea <mark>r red</mark> uced.	Resident's norm <mark>al thin</mark> king and orientation are si <mark>gnific</mark> antly reduced.
Resident reports feeling well; any present infections (e.g., upper or lower respiratory infection, urinary tract infection) are resolving with treatment.	Resident reports not feeling well, has a new or worsened cough, wound or intravenous (IV) site looks inflamed and/or urination pattern, volume, pain or characteristics have changed.	Resident reports feeling ill; present infection is worsening, wound or IV site is painful and/or urine pattern, volume or pain has worsened.
In the clear! No additional action required at this time.	Report any signs of an infection to charge nurse and physician.	Immediately report any signs of infection to physician. Say you are concerned about sepsis.



