

# **Questions to Ask before Starting Antipsychotic Medications**

What is the indication, condition or target symptom(s)?

Is any testing necessary to confirm a diagnosis?

Could any medications already prescribed or comorbid conditions the resident has be causally related to a target symptom?

What safety goals must be considered, and is the resident currently exhibiting dangerous behavior?

Has behavior modification been tried or can a psychosocial or behavior treatment be started immediately?

Who is providing informed consent for any new medication?

Have medications other than antipsychotics received adequate trials?

What baseline and follow-up monitoring will be recommended with an antipsychotic medication?

Does the resident have a medical condition (recognized by national guidelines or standards) that supports the use of antipsychotic treatment in this case?

How will use of the antipsychotic medication be documented?

What endpoints for antipsychotic treatment will be considered within the first six months?

Original source: "The Use of Antipsychotic Medication in Long Term Care," published in *Medicine & Health/Rhode Island*, written by Gary Epstein-Lubow, MD and Andrew Rosenzweig, MD, MPH

## **Quick Tips for Reducing Antipsychotic Drug Usage**



#### Each month, evaluate with the ordering physicians.

- Why is the resident prescribed these medications?
- Can there be a gradual rate reduction to remove resident from medications?

#### Create a root cause analysis or data collection form that works for you.

 Two example forms have been provided for you. Choose one that works best for you or create your own.

#### Use caution with subjective data collection.



- Questions like "Are these medications still warranted?" may be a judgment call. If this is the case, cut it from your collection.
- Asking why the medication was recommended or who recommended it can be sensitive information, but may lead to the source, which needs to be identified and addressed.
- It may be uncomfortable or awkward to ask questions about why antipsychotic
  medications are used. For example, you may find out they are to avoid a physical
  restraint, the resident or his or her family requested them or they are simply a
  convenience. However, when looking after the residents' best interests, tough questions
  need to be asked.

#### Adverse side effects of antipsychotic medications include, but are not limited to



- strokes,
- diabetes,

- loss of movement,
- death.

### Antipsychotic medications will not help with

- socialization,
- caring for oneself,
- memory problems,
- not paying attention,

- caring about what is going on,
- velling,
- repeating questions over and over,
- being restless.

Modifications in interactions or activities can help in reducing or even eliminating the use of antipsychotic medications.





## **Quick Data Collection Form for Antipsychotic (AP) Medications**

Resident name and chart number:	
Admitting diagnosis:	
Resident on AP meds at time of admission, and are they still warranted?	
Reason(s) resident is given AP medication:	
Name of AP medication:	
Date and time of AP medication administration:	
Last RX review:	
Alternatives tried before medication?	
Are AP meds used instead of restraints?	
Who is recommending or requesting AP meds?	
Does staff, resident or family need education on AP use?	





## **Quick Data Collection Form for Antipsychotic (AP) Medications**

Resident's name	Chart #	Admitting diagnosis	Resident admitted < 30 days on AP meds at time of admission	Date/time of antipsychotic administration	Medication	Reason(s) resident given medication?	Alternatives tried before medication	Last pharmacy review	Who ordered medication?



